## **PROPOSAL for COURSE CHANGE**

Curriculum Committee

From: Department of Physical Science

Date Submitted: September 28, 2007

Request for: Course Addition

Submitted by:

To:

Approved by:

Department Head:

Dr. Linda C. Kondrick, Assistant Professor of Physical Science

Dean of School of Physical and Life Science:

(Dr. Richard Cohoon) 10/17/07

Reviewed by:

I.

Registrar:

Jammy Hude (Ms. Tammy Rhodes)

Vice President of Academic Affairs:

(Dr. Jack Hamm)

New Course Description Number: PHSC 1074 Title: for Catalog: Physical Science Inquiry Title for Course Inventory: Physical Science Inquiry

app TEC 11/12/07 app CC 11/19/07 app ES 12/3/07

*Description:* Each Semester. Prerequisite: A score of 19 or above on the mathematics section of the ACTE exam or the completion of Math 0903, Intermediate Algebra, with a grade of "C" or better. This course is designed to model physical science teaching and learning through the process of inquiry. Topics explored are Interactions and Energy, Forces, Systems, Behavior of Gases, Physical Changes, and Chemical Changes. The focus is upon the construction of knowledge regarding 00science content and process skills essential to the preparation of teachers of physical science in early childhood education. It is recommended for early childhood education majors seeking to fulfill undergraduate requirements in preparation for upper level science methods courses and is equivalent to 3 hours of lecture and 3 hours of laboratory experience in physical science. However, the course requires that students participate as active learners in an activity-based, cooperative- learning-style curriculum.

Effective term: Fall 2008

Course fees: \$10 laboratory fee

II. Justification and feasibility of course:

## A. What is the need for this course? Who will take it?

Over the past three years it has become apparent to the author of this course-addition proposal that the majority of Early Childhood Education majors enrolled in the science methods course, PHSC 3213 Science in the Elementary School are inadequately prepared for that class. They lack the specific science content knowledge and science process skills in physics and chemistry pre-requisite for that course. However, the majority of them have completed their physical science requirement, usually by taking PHSC 1013, Introduction to Physical Science. The students themselves have discussed their frustration with the mismatch between the science preparation in that course (regardless of which instructor they had) and the expectations of the science methods course. PHSC 1013 is designed as a broad-survey of physical science intended to meet the goals of a liberal arts curriculum for non-majors.

Furthermore, their experiences in science classes typically model only expository methods of lecture and direct instruction. Neither PHSC 1013 nor

the companion lab, PHSC 1021, model for them the Guided Inquiry Method of learning. Yet, according to the National Science Resources Center (2000), this is the preferred method for science instruction at all levels of the science curriculum. Research on student learning consistently points to the need for: a) an exploratory class structure (National Science Resources Center, 1997; Cobb,1966); b) social interactions in learning (McDermott, Shaffer, & Constantinou, 2000;Vygotsky, 1986); and c) explicit attention to the nature of science issues (Hammer & Van Zee, 2006; Ackerson, Abd-El-Khalick, & Lederman , 2000).

The proposed course, PHSC 1074, Physical Science Inquiry is intended for undergraduates who are early childhood education majors or non science majors who need a physical science course for graduation requirements. It is also appropriate for early childhood or middle school teachers who need to enhance their content knowledge and inquiry skills in physical science.

It is specifically designed to prepare pre-service early childhood majors to teach physical science in the elementary school. The primary goal of this course is to develop the knowledge of science content and processes skills essential to prepare early childhood teachers skilled in to the guided inquiry method of learning. This is not a science methods course, but a science content, process, and skills course.

B. How does it relate to other work being offered by your department? Is there an overlap with other courses in the department? There is no other course being offered in physics or chemistry content that is designed specifically to meet the needs of Early Childhood Education Majors. The course which these majors are now taking in order to fulfill their physical science requirement is PHSC 1013, Introduction to Physical Science.
However, that course is designed as a broad survey of issues in Physical science for non-science majors. It is not intended to prepare students to teach science content. The proposed course, PHSC 1074 is designed specifically for the purpose of preparing early childhood teachers to teach physics and

chemistry in the elementary school. It is not a methods course, but a science content and process course.

C. Is this course part of any general plan of development within your department? Yes. The Physical Science Department is currently reviewing the PHSC 1013: Introduction to Physical Science and the companion lab, PHSC 1021: Physical Science Laboratory. These are the physical science courses for non-science majors that many students take to fulfill their general education requirements. These courses are being transformed into an issues-based applied science format designed to develop science literacy among nonscience majors. However, this change would make it even more unsuitable for Early Childhood Education majors who need a more rigorous approach to acquiring specific science content and process skills in order to teach early childhood level level science.

D. *How often will the course be offered?* The course will be offered in the Fall and Spring semesters and will be taught when ten or more students are enrolled.

E. *How will the course be staffed?* The course will be staffed with existing faculty in the Department of Physical Science. According to the demographics in Table 1 below, by dropping a section of PHSC 1013 and adding a section of PHSC 1074 one section of this course could be staffed each semester without adding additional faculty. Over the past three semesters, there has been an average of 36 students per semester who were identified as Early Childhood Education Majors. Due to the interactive nature of the proposed course, enrollment for PHSC 1074 would be limited to 36 students.

The number of students enrolled in PHSC 1013 over the past three semesters has averaged approximately 56 students per section. Enrollment ranges from 29 to 69 students per section. Six of the seventeen sections have not exceeded maximum enrollments over the past three semesters. The numbers in Table 1 below do not include students who withdrew from the course with a "W". Neither do they include Middle Level Education Majors enrolled in this course. Presumably some of them may also elect to take the new course as an alternative to PHSC 1013.

Table 1: Enrollment in PHSC 1013 Spring 2006 through Spring 2007					
PHSC	Enrollment:	Enrollment:	Number	Lecture	ECED
1013	Lecture	Online	of	Section	Majors
	sections	sections	Sections	Averages	Enrolled
Spring	304	40	5 lecture	61	40
2007			1 on-line		
Fall 2006	243	30	4 lecture	61	26
			1 on-line		
Spring	313	29	5 lecture	57	41
2006			1 on-line		
Combined	860	99	14 lecture	61	36
Semesters		(average 33)	3 online		

F. How will this course affect other departments' students and their offerings? When applicable, state with which departments you have specifically coordinated this change. This proposal was discussed on August 21, 2007 in a joint Department Meeting attended by Dr. Jeff Robertson, Department Head of Physical Science; Dr. Jacqueline bowman, Science Education Co-ordinator and Associate Professor of Biology; and Dr. Robert Bell, Department Head of Curriculum and Instruction. Also in attendance were: Dr. Cathy Baker, Associate Professor of Geology; Dr. Wilson Gonzalez-Espada, Associate Professor of Physical Science; and Dr. Linda Kondrick, Assistant Professor of Physical Science. No opposition to the proposal was offered.  Dr. Jeff Robertson, Head Department of Physical Science. YES. Dr. Robertson fully supports the proposed course addition. See signature on page one.
 David View
 Dr. Robert Bell, Head Department of Curriculum and Instruction. YES. Dr. Bell asked that the course be offered as a recommended alternative to PHSC 1013, rather than a required course for Early Childhood Education majors. He was glad to have a larger selection of courses for these majors to fulfill their program and general education requirements. Date: August 21, 2007.

G. How does the new course integrate with the assessment process of the department in which the course will be taught? This course is offered primarily as a service to the Department of Curriculum and Instruction in the School of Education. It will expand the options for Early Childhood Education majors to fulfill their physical science general education requirements. This course is not a requirement for any of the programs offered in the Physical Science Department As such the addition of this course does not directly affect assessment process for programs offered through the School of Physical and Life Sciences.

## Proposal Bibliography

Akerson, V., Abd-El-Khalick, F. & Lederman, N. (2000). The influence of a reflective activity-based approach to elementary teachers' conception of the nature of science. *Journal of Research in Science Teaching*. 37, pp 295-317.

Cobb (1966). Where is the mind? A coordination of sociocultural and constructionist perspectives. In C.T. Fostnot (Ed.) Constructivism: Theory, perspectives, and practice. pp 34-52 New York, NY: Teachers College Press.

Hammer, D. & Van Zee, E. (2006). Seeing the Science in Children's Thinking: Case Studies of Student Inquiry in Physical Science--A Staff Developer's Guide. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. ISBN: 9780325009483

McDermott, L, Shaffer, P, & Constantinou, C (2000). Preparing teachers to teach physics and physical science by inquiry. *Physics Education*. 35.No.6, 411-416.

National Science Resources Center, (1997). Science for All Children: A Guide to Improving Elementary Science Education. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press. ISBN: 0-309-05297-1

National Science Resources Center (2000). *Inquiry and the National Science Education Standards*. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press. ISBN: 9780309064767

Vygotsky, L. (1986). Thought and language. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.



# ARKANSAS TECH UNIVERSITY

## School of Physical and Life Sciences

Course Syllabus Physical Science Inquiry PHSC 1074 Fall 2008

### Instructor:

Dr. Linda C. Kondrick #33 McEver Hall Office: (479) 968-0341 Fax: (479) 964-0837 Home: (479) 497-1768 Internet E-mail: <u>lkondrick@mail.atu.edu</u>

## **Office Hours:**

Please feel comfortable about contacting me outside of class. My schedule, including lab times, is posted on my office door. I will make a special effort to be near my desk on MWF 11:00 a.m. to noon; TR 10:00 a.m. to noon; and W 2:00 to 5:00 p.m. Other hours are available by appointment. Please e-mail your request.

## **Course Description:**

This course is designed to model physical science teaching and learning through the process of inquiry. Topics explored are Interactions and Energy, Forces, Systems, Behavior of Gases, Physical Changes, and Chemical Changes. The focus is upon the construction of knowledge regarding science content and process skills essential to the preparation of teachers of physical science in early childhood education. It is recommended for early childhood education majors seeking to fulfill undergraduate requirements in preparation for upper level science methods courses and is equivalent to 3 hours of lecture and 3 hours of laboratory experience in physical science. However, the course requires that students participate as active learners in an activity-based, cooperative- learning-style curriculum.

## Course Rationale and Objectives (Correlated Assessment):

This general education course is designed to meet the goals of a Liberal Arts University as described in the 2007-2008 ATU Undergraduate Catalogue. In part that goal is to "... provide a foundation for knowledge common to educated people and to develop the capacity for an individual to expand that knowledge over his or her lifetime (page 79)." Upon

successful completion of Physical Science Inquiry, students will be able to:

- Demonstrate knowledge and comprehension of certain basic laws, principals, and methods used in the physical sciences with a minimum of 60% freedom from errors.
- Demonstrate the ability to formulate models and explanations of everyday phenomena based upon analysis of observations and empirical evidence.
- Analyze basic problems in physical science with a minimum of 60% accuracy.
- Discuss naïve science ideas held by children and analyze methods to guide their development of concepts in physical science.
- Evaluate the implications of recent developments in physical science and technology affecting our quality of life.

Department of Physical Sciences, McEver Hall, Russellville, Arkansas 72801-2222 Tel: (501) 968-0293 Fax: (501) 964-0837 E-mail: pldh@atuvm.atu.edu

## **Textbook:**

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The PSET materials required for this course serve as both the textbook and laboratory manual: Fred Goldberg, Rebecca Kruse, Steve Robinson, Valerie Otero, and Nephi Thompson, principal developers (2007). *Physical Science and Everyday Thinking (PSET) SE*. The PSET project was supported in part by Grant #0096856 from the National Science Foundation. ISBN 978-1-58591-668-9. Armonk, NY: It's About Time, Herff Jones Education Division.

Ancillary course materials are available on the ATU tdata drive: linda.kondrick>PHSC 1001. (The t-data drive can be accessed from My Computer when on campus. When off campus it can be accessed via the web at: <u>ftp://tdata.atu.edu</u>.)

## Assignments:

**Daily Participation:** Student participation in group laboratory activities is required and will be assessed on a behavioral rubric.

**Homework:** Weekly assignments are included in subsequent sections of this syllabus. Mastery of the concepts and skills in these homework assignments will be essential to your success in this course.

<u>Connection Project</u>: One Connection Project is required. The student will complete a research project that includes a graphic organizer and an essay discussion. The goal of this project is to increase your awareness of the connections between physical science and other disciplines, your lifestyle, and your career. A rubric will be provided for evaluation of the Connection Project.

<u>*Tests:*</u> There are six unit exam as and a comprehensive final exam. The format is multiple choice and essay.

#### **Assessment:**

Evaluation of a student's achievement of the course objectives will be based upon the following assessment criteria:

- Daily Participation is worth approximately 10 points per class for a total of approximately 300 points.
- Homework assignments are worth approximately 10 points each for a total of approximately 350 points.
- Connection Project is worth 100 points.
- Six unit exams, are worth 100 points each. The worst test scc > will be dropped leaving a total of 500 test points.
- Comprehensive Final Exam is worth 150 points.

#### Grading:

The arithmetic mean is calculated by dividing the total points earned by the number possible (approximately 1400). The resulting percentage score is converted to a letter grade according to the following scale:

A > 90% B = 80% to 90% C = 70% to 79% D = 60% to 69%

F < 60%

## **Class Policies:**

All behavior is subject to ATU academic policies as covered in the Undergraduate Catalogue and Student Handbook. Below are my specific requirements to insure success:

- Be present. Students with five absences may be dropped from the course with an F grade.
- Be on time and stay until dismissed. Daily quizzes cannot be made-up.
- Be prepared. Class notes are available on the course website: http://pls.atu.edu/physci/physics/people/kondrick/index.htm
- Be diligent. Assignment due dates are not flexible.
- Be honest. Plagiarism and all forms of cheating are absolutely unacceptable. Detection of such behavior will result in a failing grade for the course. All essays are required to be submitted to an electronic monitoring program called *turnitin.com*.
- Be respectful of fellow students, instructors, and ATU property. Rude, destructive, or disruptive behavior will not be tolerated.

## Access and Accommodation:

- If you need a specific accommodation due to temporary or long-term injury, handicap, or disability, please contact me as soon as possible.
- Remember that this is a Liberal Arts teaching institution that focuses on its teaching mission. If you need clarification, or other individual help with course material or objectives, please contact me as soon as possible. Do not fail to take advantage of all the resources available to you. I chose teaching as a career because I like interacting with students.

## **Course Bibliography:**

National Science Resources Center, (1997). Science for All Children: A Guide to Improving Elementary Science Education. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press. ISBN: 0-309-05297-1

(2000). Inquiry and the National Science Education Standards. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press. ISBN: 9780309064767

David Hammer & Emily Van Zee, (2006). Seeing the Science in Children's Thinking: Case Studies of Student Inquiry in Physical Science--A Staff Developer's Guide. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. ISBN: 9780325009483

McDermott, L, Shaffer, P, & Constantmou, C (2000). Preparing teachers to teach physics and physical science by inquiry. *Physics Education*. 35.No.6, 411-416.

(2007). Concept to Classroom. Retrieved October 10, 2007, from Thirteen Ed Online Web site: http://www.thirteen.org/edonline/concept2class/inquiry/index.html

(2007). Inquiry Learning Forum. Retrieved October 10, 2007, from Center for Research on Learning and Technology Web site:

http://www.thirteen.org/edonline/concept2class/inquiry/index.html

Week	Month	Days	Topics	Assignment	Assessment
1	Aug	21	Introduction 1. Measuring Motion	Chapter 1 Activity 1	HW 1: Learning Science
II	Aug	26,28	<ol> <li>Motion and energy</li> <li>Slowing and Stopping</li> <li>Warming and Cooling</li> </ol>	Activity 2-4	HW 2: Scientific Explanations HW 3: Push Pull Interactions HW 4: Interactions with Surroundings
III	Sept	2,4	<ol> <li>5. Light and Seeing</li> <li>6. Electric Circuits</li> </ol>	Activity 5-6	HW 5: Children's Ideas About Light HW 6 Energy Transfer
IV	Sept	9,11	<ul><li>7.keeping Track of Energy</li><li>8. Using Energy Models to</li><li>Explain Everyday Phenomena</li></ul>	Activity 7-8	HW 7 Energy Conservation and Efficiency
Tues	Sept	16	Test Unit 1		Interactions and Energy
V	Sept	16,18	<ol> <li>Interactions and Forces</li> <li>Pushes and Slowing Down</li> <li>Friction and Slowing Down</li> <li>Force-strength and Mass</li> </ol>	Chapter 2 Activity 1-5	HW1: Pushing a Skateboarder HW2: Combinations of Forces HW3: Children's Ideas About Forces HW4: Changing Direction
VI	Sept	23,25	<ol> <li>Motion with Balanced</li> <li>Forces</li> <li>Using Force Models to</li> <li>Explain Everyday Phenomena</li> </ol>	Activity 5-6	HW5: Balanced Forces HW 6: Children's Ideas About Friction
Tues	Sept	30	Test Unit 2		Interactions and Forces
VII	Sep/Oct	30, 2	<ol> <li>Magnetic Interactions</li> <li>Electric Charge Interactions</li> <li>Gravitational Attractions</li> </ol>	Chapter 3 Activity 1-3	HW1A: Model for Magnetism HW1B: Historical Development of Model of Magnetism HW2: Charged and Uncharged HW3:Gravitational Potential Energy
VIII	Oct	7,9	<ul> <li>4. Falling Objects</li> <li>5. Using Electro-Magnetic</li> <li>Models to Explain Everyday</li> <li>Phenomena</li> </ul>	Activity 4-5	HW4: Using Energy and Force Ideas HW5: Observations, Inferences, and Models
Tues	Oct	14	Test Unit 3		Interactions and Systems
IX	Oct	14,16	<ol> <li>Small Particle Model Gases</li> <li>SPM and Gas Pressure</li> <li>Effects of Pressure</li> <li>Difference</li> </ol>	Chapter 4 Activity 1-3	HW2: Explaining Phenomena Using Gas Pressure HW 3:Children's Ideas About Gases
X	Oct	21,23	4. SPM and Temperature 5. Explanations Involving Gases	Activity 4-5	HW4A: the Ideal Gas Law HW4B: Small Particle Simulator HW5: Nature of Science
Tues	Oct 28		Test Unit 4		Interactions and the Behavior of Gases

Pacing Guide: Dates are approximate and subject to change.

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Week	Month	Days	Topics	Assignment	Assessment
XI	Oct	28,30	<ol> <li>Density</li> <li>SPM and Density</li> <li>Heating Liquids and Solids</li> </ol>	Chapter 5 Activity 1-3	HW1: Sinking and Floating HW2: Density and SPM HW3: Children's Ideas About Density
XII	Nov	4,6	<ul><li>4. Changes of State and SPM</li><li>5. Vapor Pressure and SPM</li></ul>	Activity 4-5	HW 4: Melting and Boiling HW5. Vapor Pressure and Other Liquids
XIII	Nov	11,13	6. Solubility and SPM 7.Explanations Involving Physical Changes	Activity 6-7	HW6: Dissolving and Polarity HW7: Using Physical Properties and Changes
Tues	Nov 18		Test Unit 5		Interactions and Physical Changes
XIV	Nov	18,20	<ol> <li>Chemical Changes</li> <li>Chemical Changes and SPM</li> <li>Elements and Periodic</li> <li>Table</li> </ol>	Chapter 6 Activity 1-3	HW1: Rate of Chemical Changes and Temperature HW2: Models of the Atom
XV	Nov	25	4. Atoms and Periodic Table 5. Conservation of Mass and SPM	Activity 4-5	HW4:Electrons, Chemical Bonds, and Chemical Formulas HW 5: Ideas About Learning Science
XV	Nov	27	Thanksgiving Holiday, No classes!		
XVI	Dec	2,4	<ul> <li>6. Social Scientist's Ideas</li> <li>7. Chemical Changes and Energy</li> <li>8. Explanations Involving Chemical Changes</li> </ul>	Activity 6-8	HW7: Solubility and Energy
TBA	Dec 9- 14		Test Unit 6 and Comprehensive Final Exam		Interactions and Chemical Changes; and Comprehensive Final Exam

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