

ARKANSAS TECH UNIVERSITY

DEPARTMENT OF NURSING



NUR 4405

PRACTICUM IN NURSING III

NURSING CLIENTS IN CRISIS

Spring 2017

INDEX

Topic	Page
Orientation	
Course Number and Title	3
Catalogue Description, Textbooks and Bibliography	4
Justification/Rationale for Course	4
Course Objectives, Assessment Methods	5-7
Conduct of the Course	8
Course Outline	10
Clinical Performance Evaluation Key	11
Guidelines for Case Presentation	14
Weekly Journal	17
Psychosocial Related Foci:	
Interpersonal Process Recording & Example	18
Psychiatric Care Plan Guide	20
Milieu Assessment	21
Mental Status Exam	22
Mini Mental Status Assessment	23
Practicum Guides & Objectives:	
Valley Behavioral Psychiatric Unit / Turning Point St. Mary's	24
Geropsychiatric Nursing	25
Physiological Related Foci:	
Med Surg/ICU Clinical Performance Evaluation Key	26
CPET Scoring	29
Practicum Objective & Care Plan Guide: ICU	30
Practicum Objectives: ED	31
Practicum Objectives: Cardiac/Medical-Surgical Unit	32
Orthopedic/Rehabilitation/Post-Surgical Unit	33
Verbal Care Plan	34
Clinical Reasoning Paperwork.....	35-44
Research Day	45
Alphabetical List- St. Mary's Crash Care Contents	46

ARKANSAS TECH UNIVERSITY
Department of Nursing

Course: NUR 4405 (01)

Course Title: Practicum in Nursing III - Nursing Clients in Crisis

Credit Hours: Five (5) Hours

Contact Hours: Five (5) Hours

Placement: Senior Year

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NUR 4405 Spring 2017

Required Textbooks:

Retain texts from previous nursing courses.

Additional Texts:

Hinkle, J., & Cheever, K. (2014). *Brunner & Suddarth's Textbook of medical-surgical nursing* (13th ed.). Philadelphia, PA: Lippincott, Williams, & Wilkins.

American Nurses Association (2001). *Code of ethics for nurses with interpretive statements*. Silver Spring, MD.

Townsend, M.C. (2015). *Psychiatric mental health nursing* (8th ed.). Philadelphia, PA: F. A. Davis.

American Nurses Association (2004). *Nursing scope and standards of practice*. Silver Spring, MD.

Optional Text:

Nursing Diagnosis Text

Auto-tutorial materials are available in the Student Learning Laboratory for student use.

Catalogue Description:

This is a clinical nursing course that provides the opportunity for the integration of concepts and theories taught in NUR 4206. Expected nursing behaviors include promotive, supportive and restorative behaviors. The nursing process is applied in a caring way to the care of clients undergoing major psychosocial and/or physiological maladaptations. The nursing roles utilized in the delivery of care are those of communicator, care giver, collaborator, researcher, teacher, and advocator. The quality of care is measured according to the criteria of professional nursing standards. The practicum is conducted in hospitals, outpatient treatment programs and other community settings.

Justification/Rationale for the Course

By the completion of this course the student will progress toward student learning outcomes 1, 2, 3, and 4.

This upper division professional nursing practicum course provides opportunities for the student to apply knowledge and skills from the general education component and from nursing courses to the care of individuals, families and groups.

Course Objectives:

On completion of the course, the student should be able to:

1. Utilize the nursing process to provide care for individuals, families, and groups who are experiencing physical and/or psychological mal-adaptation.
2. Incorporate promotive, supportive, and restorative concepts in the application of nursing care to individuals, families, and groups in crises.
3. Incorporate roles of care giver, communicator, researcher, teacher, collaborator, and advocator in delivery of nursing care.
4. Apply nursing theories and concepts in the care of individuals, families, and groups experiencing crises.
5. Integrate professional nursing standards into nursing practice.
6. Recognize legal and ethical issues related to the delivery of professional nursing care for clients in crises.
7. Demonstrate scientifically based psychomotor and psychosocial skills.
8. Value the bio-psycho-social, spiritual, and cultural aspects of man in the delivery of caring, holistic nursing care.
9. Apply clinical research findings as they relate to the care of individuals, families, and groups who are experiencing physical and/or psychological crises.

Discrimination Statement:

Arkansas Tech University does not discriminate on the basis of color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, race, age, national origin, religion, veteran status, genetic information, or disability in any of our practices, policies, or procedures. If you have experienced any form of discrimination or harassment, including sexual misconduct (e.g. sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, domestic or dating violence), we encourage you to report this to the institution. If you report such an incident of misconduct to a faculty or staff member, they are required by law to notify Arkansas Tech University's Title IX Coordinator and share the basic fact of your experience. The Title IX Coordinator will then be available to assist you in understanding all of your options and in connecting you with all possible resources on and off campus. For more information please visit: <http://www.atu.edu/titleix/index.php>.

Disability Statement:

Arkansas Tech University adheres to the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act in order to prevent barriers to academic accessibility. If you need an accommodation due to a disability, please contact the ATU Office of Disability Services, located in Doc Bryan Student Center, Suite 171, or visit <http://www.atu.edu/disabilities/index.php>.

Attendance and Tardy Policy

The student must attend, on a regular basis, all nursing experiences as attendance is an indicator of professionalism. Absences will be reflected in the evaluation of the student's ability to meet course objectives and may seriously jeopardize the student's grade. For clinical rotations, an absence will result in a make-up assignment. Make-up assignments will equal the number of clinical hours missed. Assignments may vary with instructor. Failure to make up clinical assignments will result in failure of the course. The student is responsible for contacting the instructor regarding make-up assignments within one week of absence. If a student is absent for more than 2 clinical days, the student may be dropped from the course.

The student is responsible for being prepared and on time for all clinical experiences. The student shall review pertinent content and objectives from Nursing 4206 and pertinent objectives and content from this syllabus prior to arrival at the clinical setting.

In the rare event of a necessary absence, personal notification must be made to the proper agency as well as to the clinical instructor prior to the absence.

Planned learning experiences outside the classrooms are an integral part of the nursing course. These experiences will be announced at least three (3) weeks in advance and all students are expected to participate.

The student is responsible for verbally notifying the instructor if he/she will be late to clinicals. Tardiness reflects a lack of professionalism and excessive tardiness will be reflected on students evaluations.

Please refer to Attendance Policy in Student Handbook for further information.

Cell Phone Policy

There is a NO cell phone policy for all upper division testing/test review. This includes paper/pencil testing, test review, cooperative testing, and computer testing. If you are discovered with having a cell phone on your person, this will be considered a violation of the Academic Honesty Policy. If we discover that you have your cell phone with you during a unit exam/cooperative testing or unit exam review you will receive a 0 for the test grade. Also, cell phones are not allowed while on "the floor" in clinical. You may check it at break/lunch. Smart phone use for drug books, resources, etc. are at the discretion of the instructor. Most facilities have alternate resources as many of the cell phones interfere with computer/monitoring technology.

Assessment (Evaluation) Methods

1. Grading Scale

A = 90-100

B = 80-89

C = 75-79

D = 68-74

F = 67 and below

2. A grade of "C" or above must be achieved in every nursing course in order to progress in the nursing program.

3. A semester grade of "I" or "Incomplete" maybe recorded for a student who has not completed all the requirements of a course because of illness or other circumstances beyond the student’s control, provided work already completed is of passing quality. Before a grade of “I” may be recorded, the student and instructor must determine course requirements to be completed and the completion date. (See Student Handbook)Course Grade

Clinical Performance.....	75%
20% Intensive Care	2 clinical quizzes 2 articles
20% Medical-Surgical	2 clinical quizzes 2 articles
20% Psychiatry	2 clinical quizzes 2 articles
15% Professionalism	Professionalism evaluated on five behaviors (5 pt each clinical)
5% ICU	A. Professional Dress
5% Med. Surg.	B. On Time
5% Psych	C. Prepared
	D. Notifies clinical faculty of absence or tardiness
	E. Follows policy and procedure of clinical facility
Case Presentation	15%
Clinical Paperwork.....	10%

	100%

4. All paperwork is due on the date assigned. Failure to meet the deadline may result in a lower grade on paperwork.

Clinical performance must be at least 75% before case presentation will be averaged with that grade.

A grade of 75% or above must be achieved in each clinical area before a passing grade is earned for the course. If a clinical grade falls below a 75%, the student will not be successful in passing Practicum III. The student must also receive S or NI on the Clinical Performance Evaluation Tool as the final grade in each clinical area before a passing grade is earned for the course.

Professional Points: Maximum of two points may be designated for this course.

Academic Honesty

Students are expected to be honest and truthful in both classroom and practicum experiences. They are expected to adhere to the Code of Ethics and uphold current standards of care. Students are referred to the Arkansas Tech University Student Handbook for more specific regulations regarding academic honesty.

Students are expected to:

- a. Perform their assigned tasks in the practicum experiences. Students should have the permission of the clinical instructor before using assistance from the staff.
- b. Notify the instructor immediately of any clinical error made so that steps can be taken to prevent harm to the patient.
- c. Present written work that is theirs alone.
- d. Correctly document any materials from a textbook, pamphlet, journal, etc., that is used for an assignment.

- e. Be honest and truthful when writing clinical logs and giving verbal or written reports regarding patient care or the student's clinical experiences or assignments.
- f. Only use authorized devices or materials for an examination and not copy from other students' papers.
- g. Document material correctly. Plagiarism is defined as stealing and presenting as one's own ideas or words of another, or not documenting material correctly. Student papers may be evaluated by turnitin.com which can detect plagiarism. For the first occurrence of academic dishonesty, the student will receive an F. If there is a second occurrence, the student will be dismissed from the program. Students are referred to the ATU catalog and handbook for policies regarding plagiarism.

Conduct of the Course

Communication

A great deal of communication between faculty and students will take place through Blackboard. It is the student's responsibility to regularly check for email messages on their ate.edu e-mail and Blackboard announcements.

Background Checks:

Students will be required to complete a criminal background check per departmental policy.

Insurance:

All students must show evidence of having liability insurance prior to starting clinical experience.

C.P.R. Certification/TB Skin Test/Hepatitis B Vaccination

All students must present evidence of American Heart Association certification for cardiopulmonary resuscitation, negative TB skin test, and completion of the Hepatitis B vaccinations, as required by the Department of Nursing.

Transportation:

Students are responsible for having transportation to clinical sites. Students may be required to attend clinical in cities such as Fort Smith, Morrilton, or Conway.

Dress and Behavior:

1. The student must wear the standard school uniform while attending any clinical experience. Appropriate street clothes will be worn in psychiatric care settings. Students are expected to be neat and clean in appearance. When obtaining clinical data for the client assignments, students must wear a laboratory coat with an ATU name badge over their appropriate street clothes (see Dress Code, Student Handbook).
2. The students will be expected to maintain a professional attitude at all times while in the clinical area. Client **confidentiality** must be maintained. Students will abide by the agency's regulating policies.

3. Students are expected to:
 - a. Present written work that is theirs alone.
 - b. Correctly document any materials from a textbook, pamphlet, journal, etc. that is used for an assignment.
 - c. Only use authorized devices or materials for an examination and no copying from other students' papers.
4. All resources must be documented on clinical paperwork.

Clinical Facility Policies

All students will adhere to each clinical facility's policies regarding time spent in the facility, i.e., background check, drug screening, HIPPA training, orientation, etc.

Medication Calculation Exam:

1. The student must pass the Level III medication calculation exam before administering medications in the clinical setting.
2. Passing score is considered to be 100%.
3. The student may have three attempts to pass the exam.
4. If the student does not pass the exam after the third attempt, the student will be withdrawn from the course.

Clinical Expenses

Students may be required to travel for clinical experiences. Expenses may include travel, lodging, and meals. Students are responsible for these expenses.

Students will not be allowed to:

Take verbal or telephone orders.
Administer chemotherapy drugs.
Administer anesthesia or conscious/moderate sedation medications.
Manage epidural pain medications.
Administer a medication prepared by another person.
Obtain or sign out narcotics or carry the narcotic key or count narcotics alone.
Draw ABGs.
Witness consent form signatures or other legal patient signatures.
Be a witness on paperwork for blood transfusions.
Do not give narcotics (CONWAY CLINICAL GROUP)
Do not give medications you CANNOT PULL FROM PYXIS (CONWAY CLINICAL GROUP)

Research Day

In either Level III or Level IV (Spring semester) students are required to attend Research Day. Students are encouraged to keep the research day objectives for a Level IV portfolio.

COURSE OUTLINE

PRACTICUM IN NURSING III:

- I. Orientation
- II. Psychosocial related foci
- III. Physiological related foci
- IV. Research Day

Teacher Role:

Demonstrator, Evaluator, Facilitator, Resource Person, Role Model, Communicator, and Supporter

Student Role:

Learner, Teacher, Advocate, Care Giver, Collaborator, Communicator, and Researcher

Teacher-Learning Strategies:

A variety of critical thinking activities, including:

Pre and post care conferences, actual and simulated demonstrations, use of resource persons, charts, diagrams, anatomical models, selected observational experiences, nursing interventions for selected groups and selected clients, role play and role modeling, nursing rounds, process recordings, nursing care plans, auto-tutorial materials, and milieu and mental status assessments.

ARKANSAS TECH UNIVERSITY
Department of Nursing
NUR 4405 – Practicum in Nursing
Clinical Performance Evaluation Key
Psychiatric Nursing

S = Competent NI= Needs Improvement U = Unable to perform

1. Patient Centered

- A. Elicit patient values, preferences, knowledge and perception of illness, expressed needs and recovery goals as part of clinical interview, implementation of care.
- B. Demonstrates effective interviewing skills that facilitate the development of a therapeutic relationship.
- C. Communicate patient values, preferences, knowledge and perception of illness, expressed needs and recovery goals to other members of health care team.
- D. Assess presence and extent of physiologic and psychological pain and suffering.
- E. Assess levels of physical and emotional comfort.
- F. Assess socioeconomic or legal issues facing the patient.
- G. Elicit expectations of patient and family for relief of physical and psychological pain, discomfort or suffering.
- H. Use therapeutic principles to understand the patient's emotions, thoughts, behaviors and condition.
- I. Recognize the boundaries of therapeutic relationships.

2. Teamwork/Collaboration

- A. Assesses own communication skills in interactions with patient's, family members, and health care team members
- B. Develops communication and conflict resolution skills.
- C. Treats peers and healthcare team members with respect, trust and dignity.
- D. Contributes own professional perspective in discussions with health care team members.
- E. Initiate plan for self-development as a team member
- F. Function competently within own scope of practice as a member of the health care team.
- G. Initiate requests for help when appropriate to situation.
- H. Integrate the contributions of others in care plan development and implementation.

3. Critical Thinking

- A. Prioritize care activities based on the immediate condition and the anticipated needs of the patient.
- B. Recognizes deviations from expected outcomes and uses this information to guide future assessment.
- C. Actively seeks information to plan care.
- D. Raises questions about issues to clarify.
- E. Resolves issues with a well thought out approach
- F. Makes sense out of data.

4. Evidence Based

- A. Utilizes evidence-based nursing knowledge to guide patient care activities.
- B. Read original research and evidence reports related to clinical practice topics.
- C. Demonstrates knowledge of basic scientific methods and processes.
- D. Compare routine approaches of care to evidence based protocols.
- E. Utilizes milieu therapy to support patient's progress toward care goals.

5. Quality Improvement

- A. Seeks information about long-term effects of psychiatric illnesses.
- B. Uses the results of quality improvement activities to change own nursing practice.
- C. Identify gaps between local and best practice.
- D. Participate in quality improvement activities as opportunities arise.

6. Safety

- A. Demonstrate effective use of technology and standardized practices that support safety and quality.
- B. Demonstrate effective strategies that reduce risk of harm to self or others.
- C. Communicate observations or concerns related to hazards and errors to patients, families, and the health care team.
- D. Use organizational error reporting systems for near miss and error reporting.
- E. Participate actively in analyzing errors and designing system improvements.
- F. Use national patient safety resources for own professional development and to focus attention on safety in care settings.

7. Informatics

- A. Seek education about how information is managed in care settings before providing care.
- B. Apply technology and information management tools to support safe processes of care.
- C. Document and plan patient care in an electronic health record.
- D. Employ communication technologies to coordinate care for patients.
- E. Use information management tools to monitor outcomes of care processes.
- F. Use high quality electronic sources of health care information.

ARKANSAS TECH UNIVERSITY
 Department of Nursing
 NUR 4405 – Practicum in Nursing III (Psych)
 Clinical Performance Evaluation Tool Scoring

S = Satisfactory
 NI = Needs Improvement
 U = Unsatisfactory
 N/A = Not Applicable
 N/O = No Opportunity

Student: _____ Clinical Area _____

	1	2	3	4	
<i>Core Competencies</i>					FINAL SCORE
Provides Patient Centered Care Values Caring Human Dignity Ethics					
Exhibits Teamwork and Collaboration Communication Personnel (faculty, staff, patients, peers, family) Oral (nonverbal) Written (documentation) Roles					
Critical Thinking Intervention Plan of Care					
Evidence based practice Data collection Research Plan of care Nursing process					
Understands and applies quality improvement methods Outcomes Deviation Quality Measures Clarity Change Approach					
Promotes Safety Technical skills Standards of care Reporting observations					
Understands and Utilizes Informatics Professional sources used EHR documentation Role of informatics in health care Role of informatics in patient safety					
Grade Calculation	Clinical Course Work				
Clinical Quiz I (20pts)					
Clinical Quiz II (20pts)					
Research Article I (10pts)					
Research Article II (10pts)					
Professionalism (10pts)					
Professional Dress					
On Time					
Prepared					
Notifies clinical faculty of absence or tardiness					
Follows policy and procedure of clinical facility					
Paperwork (30pts)					

Faculty Signature: _____ Student Signature: _____ Date: _____

COMMENTS:

NUR 4405 Spring 2017

Guidelines for Case Presentation

Each student will present a patient case study. You will be required to present a PowerPoint presentation to your selected group members and instructor(s). Groups will be formed at the beginning of the semester and will be posted in Blackboard. Each instructor will facilitate the group assigned to them and may require group discussions prior to presenting your case presentation. Below are the requirements for your presentation. Please use the headings below for your PowerPoint slides. No more than 15 slides should be used. A reference slide in APA format should be included. Provide a copy of the PowerPoint to the instructor. *Note:* A maximum of 30 minutes per student will be allowed for presentation.

Each student will be graded on their discussion with the presenter, demonstrating critical thinking and posing a critical thinking question for the presenter to answer. You will be scored with each group member and the total score will be averaged on this section.

1. Introduction

Give an introduction to your patient (age, gender, growth and development, etc.)

Discuss the medical diagnosis (diagnosis, what happened, etc.)

Discuss the priority nursing problem (What should you as a nurse focus on or do?)

2. History

Identify past medical history/psychiatric history

Identify past treatments received up to the time of admission
(medications, treatments, surgeries, lab tests, etc.)

3. Pathophysiology/Psychopathology

Fully explain their disease process

Cause and manifestations

4. Nursing Physical Assessment/Mental status Assessment

Write out a complete Head to Toe assessment or Mental Assessment, including: vital signs, intake and outputs, diet therapy, intravenous therapy (Be specific)

5. Related treatments

Discuss medical and/or environmental treatments your patient is receiving at the time of care, addressing patient's present diagnosis. Include group therapy, classroom times, milieu therapy, etc.

6. Nursing care plan

Identify at least 3 nursing diagnosis. Summarize care and what you did for this patient and what their discharge goals are.

7. Legal/Ethical Issues

Identify a legal or ethical issue

Discuss your actions or actions that should have been done

Discuss how you applied the ANA Code of Ethics

Guardianship, power of attorney, etc.

8. Cultural/Ethnic Considerations

Discuss the culture of your patient (socioeconomic, ethnicity, etc.)

Discuss care specific to cultural consideration for your patient

Health/healing traditions influencing health care.

9. Teaching

Discuss the patient/family's educational needs

Discuss how you determined these needs

Discuss your interventions to meet these educational needs

Discuss the continued educational support needed for your patient/family

To whom should teaching be addressed and when

10. Related Nursing Research

At least one research article related to the care of the patient. Summarized and explanation given as to how research article applied in caring for the patient.

11. Critical Thinking Questions

Each group member will present a critical thinking question to the presenter at the end of the presentation. The presenter will answer the question based on their current knowledge of their patient. The presenter and the audience will be graded on how well they articulate these questions.

12. References

Complete list of references in APA format.

Theories and Concepts III: Guidelines for Case Presentation

Student Name: _____ Date: _____

Group Members: _____

Topics	4=A Above average knowledge of topic of quality of discussion/ presentation	3=B Average knowledge of topic of quality of discussion/ presentation	2=C Below average knowledge of topic of quality of discussion/ presentation	1=D Insufficient knowledge of topic of quality of discussion/ presentation	0=F Failed knowledge of topic of quality of discussion/ presentation
See guidelines for the case presentation to determine the criteria and under each topic.					
1.Introduction					
2.History					
3.Pathophysiology					
4.Assessment					
5.Related Treatment					
6.Nursing Care					
7.Legal/Ethical					
8. Cultural/Ethnic					
9.Teaching					
10. Related Research					
11. Critical Thinking (as presenter)					
12. Discussion with other group members (score will be determined by an overall average)					

Add each topic score to find the total points earned _____/(divide it by) 48
 (total points possible) x 100 = _____ percentage earned

Faculty comments and signature:

Weekly Journal

Use complete sentences with reflective thought. If you are unable to define critical thinking you must look up the definition prior to answering question 5. **Due each week of clinical.**

1. What did you learn today that was the most beneficial?
2. What would you like to learn more about or what did you not fully understand?
3. What will you do to accomplish this?
4. If you could live today over, what would you do differently?
5. How do you feel about your experience today?
6. Give an example of how you used the critical thinking process today?

Interpersonal Process Recording

Items To Be Included

I. Introductory Material

- A. Description of the client
Chief complaint, age, marital status, predisposing causes of illness, etc.
- B. Description of setting (lighting, noise, temperature, etc.)
Where interaction took place
What client was doing when approached, etc.
- C. Description of your thoughts and feelings prior to the interaction.
- D. Therapeutic objectives/goals of the interaction (patient centered)

II. Recording of Interaction (use 3 columns)

- A. Describe how interaction was initiated
- B. Client communication:
verbal, non-verbal, silence, etc.
- C. Nurse communication: verbal, thoughts, feelings, hypotheses, and validation with client
- D. Applicable behavioral concepts/principles and meaning of the communications/
behaviors
- E. Describe termination of the interaction
- F. Analysis: communication techniques, why are they used, what are you hoping to accomplish?

III. Evaluation for Nursing Intervention

- A. Description of your thoughts after the interaction.
- B. Goals for future interactions.
- C. Describe areas for improvement related to therapeutic communication.
- D. Evaluate planned objective/goals of the interaction.

Review communication techniques, and process recording, prior to communicating with clients.

EXAMPLE ONLY

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Department of Nursing

Interpersonal Process Recording Example

NURSE: VERBAL AND NONVERBAL	PATIENT: VERBAL AND NONVERBAL	PRINCIPLES THAT EXPLAIN BEHAVIOR AND INTERVENTION, FEELINGS AND OBSERVATIONS
Date:	Interaction Number 12	*Goal: Patient will identify situations arousing discomfort and how he handles them.
Mr. E. had just returned from a home visit. He came over to me and said he had to check his clothes and would be right back. I said I would wait for him in the usual place. He returned ten minutes later at 8:10 a.m.		I was a little irritated that Mr. E. would be late; even though I knew it was ward policy that his clothes be checked at once. However, I waited in the usual place. Reinforcing trust by being on time and remaining there for patient. Maintaining terms of contract.
	How was your weekend?	
Fine, and yours?		Focus conversation back to patient.
	Well, I was out on pass. I had a good time. I spent a lot of time straightening things up - putting summer clothes away and sorting out things. I could only work a few hours and then had to take a snooze.	Fatigue may be emotional as well as physical. Sleep can be a defense against a trying situation.
	We had company too. My sister had just told people that I wasn't feeling well. She didn't tell them what was wrong and they expected to see me with casts or something. She left it to me to tell them what was wrong.	Patient's anxiety rose here, shown by much moving around in his chair, embarrassed laughter, and lack of eye contact. Sister probably gave responsibility to patient because of her own feelings.
How did you feel about telling them?		Focusing to get pt to express feeling.
	Oh, I had no feelings about it at all. They're friends and they understand. They've seen me upset and angry. They understand.	Denial of feelings as a protective mechanism. Hopes friends understand but not sure.
What do you do when you get angry?		Exploring pt.'s usual coping strategies and helping patient to be aware of his behavior in reaction to stress.
	Well, I count to ten. Mostly I keep it in. My friends realize that. I don't get violent like some people.	<p align="center">– Continue –</p> <p>* This is an example <u>only</u>. Your IPR should be longer than this example.</p>

ARKANSAS TECH UNIVERSITY
Department of Nursing

**PSYCHIATRIC CARE PLAN
GUIDE**

I. ASSESSMENT

- A. **BIO-PSYCHO-SOCIAL:** Include initials of client, age, sex, religion, description of family structure, financial status, occupation and other psycho-social-cultural info. Identify stage and what development task client is dealing with according to Erickson. Include a brief history of patients' illness, treatment, medication regimen, etc. List current medications and other treatment ordered, including laboratory tests.
- B. **MENTAL STATUS ASSESSMENT** - Complete this assessment during your time with client, focusing on current status. Include other mental status information from chart, but **identify it as such.**
- C. **PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT** - Do as much physical assessment of client as is appropriate; remembering that much will be from direct observation and obtained from the history and physical in the chart.

- II. **PLAN OF CARE** – Include nursing diagnosis or problem statement, short and long term expected outcomes, interventions, rationales, evaluation and suggested modifications.

ARKANSAS TECH UNIVERSITY
Department of Nursing

MILIEU ASSESSMENT

Setting _____ Date _____ Name _____

Evaluate the milieu in terms of the following characteristics:

1. Provision for physical safety and security
2. Provision for validation of humanity (include family, cultural, religious and other affiliations)
3. Provision for structured interaction
4. Provision for open communication with client by nursing staff and other members of the health care team.

Summary of the strengths and weakness of this milieu:

Suggestions for change:

MENTAL STATUS EXAM

Student _____ Client Initials _____ Date _____

1. General appearance: motor activity, interaction during interview, grooming and dress, facial expression, level of consciousness.

2. Emotional state (mood and affect): If potential for suicide, suicidal or homicidal thoughts? If so, assess further.

3. Thought content and perceptions (delusions, illusions, hallucinations, depersonalization, obsessions or compulsions, phobias, fantasies, daydreams, etc.).

4. Flow of thought and speech.

5. Sensorium and cognition:
 - a. Orientation
 - b. Memory (remote, recent, immediate)
 - c. Intellectual Functioning
 - 1) Concentration and calculation
 - 2) General information and intelligence
 - 3) Abstract thinking
 - 4) Judgement

6. Insight

Impressions: Nursing diagnoses (prioritized):

MINI-MENTAL STATUS ASSESSMENT

STUDENT'S NAME _____ Setting _____
CLIENT INITIALS _____ Date _____

Maximum Score
Score

ORIENTATION

- 5 () What is the (year) (season) (date) (day) (month)? (1 point for each)
5 () Where are we (state) (county) (town) (hospital) (floor) (1 point for each)

REGISTRATION

- 3 () Name three objects: Give one second to say each. Then ask the patient to repeat all three after you have said them. (1 point for each item)
Give one point for each correct answer. Then repeat them until the patient learns all three. Count trials and record.

ATTENTION AND CALCULATION

- 5 () Serial sevens. Give one point for each correct. Stop after five answers.
Alternatively, spell "world" backwards.

RECALL

- 3 () Ask for three objects repeated above. Give one point for each correct.

LANGUAGE

- 9 () Name a pencil and watch when pointed to (2 points)
Repeat the following, "No ifs, ands, or buts." (1 point)
Follow a three-stage command: "Take a paper in your right hand, fold it in half, and put it on the floor." (3 points)
Read and obey the following: "Close your eyes." (1 point)
Write a sentence. (1 point)
Copy design. (1 point)

Total Score _____ What does this score mean?

Nursing Diagnoses based on your exam:

From: Townsend. (2009). Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing.

Practicum Guide

Valley Behavioral Psychiatric Hospital, Fort Smith Turning Point, Russellville

The student will upon completion of this practicum experience:

1. Recognize problems associated with a diagnosis of a psychiatric disorder for the :
 - a. individual
 - b. family
 - c. community
2. Recognize own feelings concerning acute psychiatric clients.
3. Describe activities/services provided by the agency that improve mental functioning.
4. Evaluate the nurslings' role in the institution, utilizing the ANA Scope and Standards of Psychiatric-Mental Health Nursing Practice as well as the roles of the baccalaureate prepared nurse.
5. Correlate nursing research to practicum experiences.
6. Evaluate group process based on the presence of Yalom's curative factors.
7. Read Townsend chapters 9, 10, 20 and 24
8. Select a patient in the unit to which you are assigned and develop a plan of care for this patient for each practicum day. (This will include a Mental Status Exam [at least one during this practicum experience] or a Mini Mental Status Assessment.)
9. Complete a psychopharmacologic profile of current psychopharmacologic interventions being utilized and you will select one drug and contact a local pharmacy for the cost for a months supply. This will be presented in post conference.
10. Complete a milieu assessment and at least one IPR during this practicum experience.
11. Submit a log answering the above objectives and documenting learning experiences in conferences during a practicum period.

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PRACTICUM GUIDE

Gero-psychiatric Nursing

Objectives:

1. Recognize own feelings about both the aging process and clients with organic mental disorders.
2. Recognize the problems associated with an organically impaired client for the:
 - a. Individual
 - b. Family, particularly care givers
 - c. Community
3. Describe the services provided by agency for this population.
4. Identify criteria used for accepting clients into the gero-psychiatric center or unit.
5. Identify various behavioral manifestations of dementia.
6. Identify possible nursing diagnoses for clients and their caregivers with organic mental disorders using latest ND list.
7. Describe characteristics of aging that you observed in clients at the center.
8. Describe how this center is involved with:
 - a. Promotive behaviors
 - b. Supportive behaviors and/or
 - c. Restorative behaviors
9. Discuss how a nurse might contribute to the center (include concept of roles of baccalaureate nursing using course objective # three – page five).
10. Perform a mini-mental status exam on at least one client (page 23).
11. Identify support groups that are helpful for families of clients with organic mental disorders.
12. Complete a nursing plan of care for at least one client.

Prior to experience, review: Townsend, Chapters 26 and 35

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NUR 4405 – Practicum in Nursing
MEDICAL SURGICAL/INTENSIVE CARE
Clinical Performance Evaluation Key

S = Competent NI= Needs Improvement U = Unable to perform

1. Patient Centered

- A. Elicit patient values, preferences, and expressed needs as part of clinical interview, implementation of care.
- B. Communicate patient values, preferences and expressed needs to other members of health care team.
- C. Follow a patient-centered plan of care with sensitivity and respect for the diversity of human experience.
- D. Assess presence of and extent of pain and suffering
- E. Assess levels of physical and emotional comfort.
- F. Elicit expectations of patient and family for relief of pain, discomfort, or suffering
- G. Initiate effective treatments to relieve pain and suffering in light of patient values, preferences and expressed needs.
- H. Remove barriers to presence of families and other designated surrogates based on patient preferences.
- I. Assess level of patient's decisional conflict and provide access to resources.
- J. Recognize the boundaries of therapeutic relationships.
- K. Use SBAR to communicate care provided and needed at each transition in care.

2. Teamwork/ Collaborations

- A. Demonstrate awareness of own strengths and limitations as a team member.
- B. Act with integrity, consistency and respect for differing views.
- C. Function competently within own scope of practice as a member of the health care team.
- D. Assume role of team member or leader based on the situation.

- E. Initiate requests for help when appropriate to situation.
- F. Collaborates with team members in the prioritization and treatment of patient
- G. Initiate actions to resolve conflict.

3. Critical Thinking

- A. Determines appropriate action in patient/family care.
- B. Recognizes deviations from expected outcome and uses this information to guide assessment.
- C. Actively seeks information to plan care.
- D. Raises questions about issues to clarify.
- E. Resolves issues with a well thought out approach.
- F. Determines priorities of care and action.
- G. Makes sense out of data

4. Evidence Based

- A. Base individualized care plan on patient values, clinical expertise and evidence.
- B. Read original research and evidence reports related to clinical practice topics and guidelines.
- C. Consult with clinical experts to deviate from evidence-based protocol.
- D. Question rationale for routine approaches to care that result in less-than-desired outcomes or adverse event.

5. Quality Improvement

- A. Seek to improve documentation and assessment skills as needed
- B. Identify gaps between local and best practice.
- C. Evaluate nursing interventions related to goals associated with nursing diagnosis

6. Safety

- A. Demonstrate effective use of technology and standardized practices that support safety and quality.
- B. Demonstrate effective strategies that reduce risk of harm to self or others.
- C. Communicate observations or concerns related to hazards and errors to patients, families, and the health care team.
- D. Use organizational error reporting systems for near miss and error reporting.
- E. Use national patient safety resources for own professional development and to focus attention on safety in care settings.

7. Informatics

- A. Seek education about how information is managed in care settings before providing care.
- B. Apply technology and information management tools to support safe processes of care.
- C. Document and plan patient care in an electronic health record.

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 NUR 4405 – Practicum in Nursing III (Med-Surg/ICU)
 Clinical Performance Evaluation Tool Scoring

S = Satisfactory
NI = Needs Improvement
U = Unsatisfactory
N/A = Not Applicable
N/O = No Opportunity

Student: _____ Clinical Area _____

	1	2	3	4	Overall
<i>Core Competencies</i>					
Provides Patient Centered Care Values Caring Human Dignity Ethics					
Exhibits Teamwork and Collaboration Communication Personnel (faculty, staff, patients, peers, family) Oral (nonverbal)					
Critical Thinking Intervention Plan of Care					
Evidence based practice Research Plan of care Nursing process					
Understands and applies quality improvement methods Improvement Evaluation Goals					
Promotes Safety					
Technical skills Standards of care Reporting observations					
Understands and Utilizes Informatics Professional sources used EHR documentation Role of informatics in health care Role of informatics in patient safety					
Grade Calculation	Clinical Course Work				
Clinical Quiz I (20pts)					
Clinical Quiz II (20pts)					
Research Article I (5 pts)					
Research Article II (5 pts)					
Professionalism (10 pts)					
Professional Dress					
On Time					
Prepared					
Notifies clinical faculty of absence or tardiness					
Follows policy and procedure of clinical facility					
Paperwork (40 pts)					

Faculty Signature: _____ Student Signature: _____ Date: _____

COMMENTS:

ARKANSAS TECH UNIVERSITY
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NUR 4405 Practicum in Nursing III

Clinical Objectives for Practicum in Intensive Care Unit

The nursing student is expected to:

1. Locate the crash cart and all emergency equipment/supplies in the unit.
2. Observe use of special equipment used in the ICU (e.g. ventilator) and demonstrate proper use of such equipment after receiving instructions on use.
3. Identify priority physiological and psychological nursing diagnosis and appropriate interventions for selected clients.
4. Utilize the nursing process to care for clients and families in the critical care setting.
5. Incorporate physical examination into assessment of clients.
6. Analyze the ICU milieu and its effects on clients and care givers.
7. Recognize therapeutic effects and potential side effects of prescribed medications for selected clients.
8. Compare normal laboratory values with those of clients in the ICU setting.
9. Evaluate effects of nursing interventions and revise interventions as necessary.
10. Seek assistance from instructor when unfamiliar with any aspect of client care.
11. Discuss ethical-legal issues in the ICU environment.
12. Be prepared to present verbal care plan to clinical instructor.
13. Analyze and interpret cardiac rhythm strips for selected clients.

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Department of Nursing

NUR 4405 Practicum in Nursing III

Clinical Objectives for the Practicum in Emergency Department (ED)

The nursing student is expected to:

1. Locate the crash cart and all emergency/supplies in the unit.
2. Familiarize self with the special equipment used in the Emergency Department and demonstrate appropriate interventions in the use of that equipment.
3. Utilize the nursing process to provide care for a variety of clients, comparing normal and abnormal values of lab and x-ray exams.
4. Incorporate physical examination into the assessment procedure of such clients.
5. Observe a minimum of three clients in crisis. Discuss coping patterns used, adequacy of these coping patterns, and the effectiveness of patient's support system.
6. Familiarize self with the triaging of clients. Identify principles being used.
7. Discuss ethical-legal issues in the ED environment.
8. Analyze the ED milieu and its effects on clients, care givers and staff.

Review Chapter 71 in your textbook.

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NUR 4405 Practicum in Nursing III

Clinical objectives for practicum in cardiac/medical-surgical unit

The nursing student is expected to:

1. Locate the crash cart and all emergency/supplies in the unit.
2. Observe use of special equipment used in the cardiac/medical-surgical unit and demonstrate proper use of such equipment after receiving instructions on use.
3. Identify priority physiological and psychological nursing diagnosis and appropriate interventions for selected clients.
4. Utilize the nursing process to care for clients and families in the cardiac/medical-surgical unit.
5. Incorporate and demonstrate physical examination into assessment of clients.
6. Recognize therapeutic effects and potential side effects of prescribed medications for selected clients.
7. Compare normal laboratory values with those clients in the cardiac/medical-surgical unit.
8. Evaluate effects of nursing interventions and revise interventions as necessary.
9. Seek assistance from instructor when unfamiliar with any aspect of client care.
10. Discuss ethical-legal issues in the cardiac/medical-surgical unit.

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NUR 4405 Practicum in Nursing III

Objectives for Orthopedic/Rehabilitation/Post Surgical Unit Experience

The nursing student is expected to:

1. Locate the crash cart and all emergency/supplies in the unit.
2. Observe use of special equipment used in the ortho/rehab/post surg unit and demonstrate proper use of such equipment after receiving instructions on use.
3. Identify priority physiological and psychological nursing diagnosis and appropriate interventions for selected clients.
4. Utilize the nursing process to care for clients and families in the ortho/rehab/post surg unit.
5. Incorporate and demonstrate physical examination into assessment of clients.
6. Recognize therapeutic effects and potential side effects of prescribed medications for selected clients.
7. Compare normal laboratory values with those clients in the ortho/rehab/post surg unit.
8. Evaluate effects of nursing interventions and revise interventions as necessary.
9. Seek assistance from instructor when unfamiliar with any aspect of client care.
10. Discuss ethical-legal issues in the ortho/rehab/post surg unit.
11. Utilize the nursing process to provide care to clients with orthopedic or neurological dysfunction.
12. Identify the diversity of health care team members giving care to ortho/neuro clients.
13. Explain the impact of various medical conditions on clients with orthopedic dysfunction.
14. Describe protocol that determines a client's eligibility and potential for rehabilitation.

Verbal Care Plan

The student will be **prepared** to answer the following questions at the beginning of the clinical day. The instructor may choose a time later in the day to discuss the care plan with the student; however, the student should always be prepared at the beginning of the clinical shift. This information is presented to the clinical instructor *without* the use of notes, with the exception of lab values and medications. The instructor may ask the student to update this information during the course of the day.

1. What acute disease does your client have?

Explain the basic pathophysiology

2. What chronic diseases does your client have?

Explain the basic pathophysiology of each and how they may relate to the acute disease.

3. Explain lab and radiology data (may use notes).

4. Tell about your client's medications (may use notes).

Discuss purpose, common side effects, and priority nursing implications.

5. Describe the client's social, spiritual, and personal status.

How does this impact care? Who lives with the client? Describe client's relationships. Does the client have any spiritual needs or concerns?

6. Identify two to three nursing diagnoses for this client in order of priority.

Which nursing diagnosis is first in priority? Explain rationale for the order of priority of these diagnoses.

7. Describe your plan of care today.

List one goal for each nursing diagnosis. Explain interventions. What teaching will be planned for client and/or family?

8. At the end of your clinical day, evaluate your plan of care.

What changed during the course of the shift? Was it necessary to revise the plan of care based on changes in the client's condition or diagnosis? Was it necessary to revise priorities of diagnosis? Was nursing care holistic?

STUDENT: _____ CLINICAL DATE: _____

I. Data Collection (Collected the day you pick up your patient plus current LABS)

Patient's Initials: _____ Room: _____ Age: _____ Gender: _____

Admission Date: _____ Code Status: _____ (Full, Dnr, Dni)

Height (Inches): _____ ft. _____ inches Weight _____ lbs _____ Kg

Allergies: _____

History of Present Problem (What brought them into the hospital – the story):

Personal/Social History (includes Past Medical History):

What data from the histories is important & RELEVANT; therefore it has clinical significance to the nurse?

RELEVANT Data from Present Problem:	Clinical Significance:
RELEVANT Data from Social History:	Clinical Significance:

What is the RELATIONSHIP of your patient's past medical history (PMH) and current meds?(After PMH, put the medication number that correlates with that illness; This should also include hospital meds)

PMH:	Home and Hospital Meds:	Pharm. Classification:	Expected Outcome:
		1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.

Nutrition

Diet (TPN/Lipids, Enteral, Oral)	Rate or Frequency	Benefits:

Nutritional Assessment (What are the nutritional needs for your patient based on his/her health status and diagnoses; this may differ from the actual ordered diet)?

Lab Results: (Complete for day before/most recent and then day of clinical)

What lab results are RELEVANT that must be recognized as clinically significant to the nurse?

Complete Blood Count (CBC:)	Norms	Mm/dd/yy	Mm/dd/yy	High/Low/WNL?
WBC				
Hgb				
Platelets				
Neutrophil %				
Band forms				

What lab results are RELEVANT that must be recognized as clinically significant to the nurse?

RELEVANT Lab(s):	Clinical Significance:	TREND: Improve/Worsening/Stable:

Basic Metabolic Panel (BMP:)	Norms	Mm/dd/yy	Mm/dd/yy	High/Low/WNL?
Sodium				
Potassium				
Chloride				

CO2 (Bicarb)				
Anion Gap (AG)				
Glucose				
Calcium				
BUN				
Creatinine				

RELEVANT Lab(s):	Clinical Significance:	TREND: Improve/Worsening/Stable:

Misc. Labs:	Norms	Date:	Date:	High/Low/WNL?
Magnesium				
Ionized Calcium				
Amylase				
Lipase				
Lactate				
GFR				
Coags:				
PT/INR				

RELEVANT Lab(s):	Clinical Significance:	TREND: Improve/Worsening/Stable:

Liver Function Test (LFT):	Norms	Date:	Date:	High/Low/WNL?
Albumin				
Total Bilirubin				
Alkaline Phosphatase				
ALT				
AST				

RELEVANT Lab(s):	Clinical Significance:	TREND: Improve/Worsening/Stable:

ABG:	Norms	Date:	Date:	High/Low/WNL?
Vent Settings	N/A			
pH				
PO2				

O2 Saturation				
PCO2				
HOC3				
Base Excess				

RELEVANT Lab(s):	Clinical Significance:	TREND: Improve/Worsening/Stable:

Urine Analysis (UA:)	Date:	Date:	High/Low/WNL?
Color (yellow)			
Clarity (clear)			
Specific Gravity (1.015-1.030)			
Protein (neg)			
Glucose (neg)			
Ketones (neg)			
Bilirubin (neg)			
Blood (neg)			
Nitrite (neg)			
LET (Leukocyte Esterase) (neg)			
MICRO:			
RBC's (<5)			
WBC's (<5)			
Bacteria (neg)			
Epithelial (neg)			

RELEVANT Lab(s):	Clinical Significance:	TREND: Improve/Worsening/Stable:

Cardiac Labs:	Norms	Date:	Date:	High/Low/WNL ?
Troponin				
CPK total				
CPK-MB				
BNP (B-natriuretic Peptide)				

RELEVANT Lab(s):	Clinical Significance:	TREND: Improve/Worsening/Stable:

II. Clinical Reasoning Begins *(completed before coming to clinical; based on Section I and labs obtained the day before clinical)*

1. What is the primary problem that your patient is most likely presenting with?

2. What is the underlying cause/pathophysiology of this concern?

3. What nursing priority(s) captures the “essence” of your patient’s current status and will guide your plan of care?(if more than one-list in order of PRIORITY; this is a NURSING DIAGNOSIS)

4. What interventions will you initiate based on this priority(s) (This should be comprehensive and thorough with AT LEAST 4 interventions) ?

Nursing Interventions:	Rationale:	Expected Outcome:

5. What body system(s) will you most thoroughly assess based on the primary problem or nursing care priority?

6. What is the worst possible/most likely complication to anticipate based on the primary problem?

7. What nursing assessments will identify this complication EARLY if it develops?

8. What nursing interventions will you initiate if this complication develops (it’s ok to put the expected orders that will be received) ?

III. Patient Care Begins: (Day of clinical)

Current VS:		WILDA Pain Assessment (5 th VS):	
T: (oral)		Words:	
P: (regular)		Intensity:	
R: (regular)		Location:	
BP:		Duration:	
O2 sat:		Aggravate:	
		Alleviate:	

What VS data is RELEVANT that must be recognized as clinically significant to the nurse?

RELEVANT VS Data:	Clinical Significance:

Current Assessment:	
GENERAL APPEARANCE:	
RESP:	
CARDIAC:	
NEURO:	
GI:	
GU:	
SKIN:	

What assessment data is RELEVANT that must be recognized as clinically significant to the nurse?

RELEVANT Assessment Data:	Clinical Significance:

Therapy Sheet:

Primary IV (peripheral, central line, PICC)

Type of IV*	Site of IV insertion	Primary fluid infusing/rate of infusion

Antibiotics

Antibiotic	Drug amount/total fluids	cc/hr	dose/hr

Infusion drips and continuous drips

Drug	Ordered dose	Drug amount/total fluids	Drug amount/ ml	cc/hr	dose/min	dose/hr

IV Sedation

Drug	Ordered dose	Drug amount/total fluids	Drug amount/ml	cc/hr	dose/hr

Heparin

Dose	Rate	Dose/ml	Dose/min	Dose/hr

PCA

Drug	Background/Basal	Bolus	Lockout

Cardiac Telemetry Strip:

Interpretation:
Clinical Significance:

Radiology Reports:

What diagnostic results are RELEVANT that must be recognized as clinically significant to the nurse?

RELEVANT Results:	Clinical Significance:

Lab Planning: *what labs do YOU think need to be ordered to get a better picture of the patient?*

Lab:	Normal Value:	Clinical Significance:	Nursing Assessments/Interventions Required:

IV. Clinical Reasoning *(Now that you have assessed the pt and seen today's labs):*

Does your initial nursing priority or plan of care need to be modified in any way after your assessment and obtaining these lab results?

What are your current nursing priorities and interventions that will determine your plan of care?

Nursing Interventions:	Rationale:	Expected Outcome:

V. Evaluation:

Evaluate the response of your patient to nursing & medical interventions during your shift. All physician orders have been implemented that are listed under medical management.

Last Vital signs of the day...

Current VS:	Most Recent:	Current WILDA:	
T:		Words:	
P:		Intensity:	
R:		Location:	
BP:		Duration:	
O2 sat:		Aggravate: Alleviate:	

Current Assessment:	
GENERAL APPEARANCE:	
RESP:	
CARDIAC:	
NEURO:	
GI:	
GU:	
SKIN:	

1. What clinical data is *RELEVANT* that must be recognized as clinically significant?

RELEVANT VS Data:	Clinical Significance:
RELEVANT Assessment Data:	Clinical Significance:

2. Has the status improved or not as expected to this point?

3. Does your nursing priority or plan of care need to be modified in any way after this evaluation assessment?

a. Based on your current evaluation, what are your nursing priorities and plan of care?

It is now the end of your shift. Effective and concise handoffs are essential to excellent care and if not done well can adversely impact the care of this patient. You have done an excellent job to this point, now finish strong and give the following SBAR report to the nurse who will be caring for this patient:

Situation:

B ackground:
A ssessment:
R ecommendation:

VI. Education Priorities/Discharge Planning

1. *What will be the most important discharge/education priorities you will reinforce with their medical condition to prevent future readmission with the same problem?*

2. *What are some practical ways you as the nurse can assess the effectiveness of your teaching with this patient?*

3. *What cultural/ethnic considerations should be made regarding the teaching/discharge planning/care of this patient?*

VII. Caring and the “Art” of Nursing

1. *What is the patient likely experiencing/feeling right now in this situation?*

2. *What can you do to engage yourself with this patient’s experience, and show that he/she matter to you as a person?*

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Department of Nursing
NUR 4405 – Practicum in Nursing III

Research Day

Objectives:

At the end of the Research Day, the student will be able to:

1. Discuss at least two poster presentations the student found interesting.
2. Summarize at least two presentations made by speakers. Discuss application of research to nursing practice.
3. Discuss the importance of nursing research to the advancement of the profession.
4. Identify the role of the BSN, RN in the research process.
5. Evaluate attendance to the conference.

St. Mary's Alphabetical List Crash Cart Contents

Crash Cart Item	Drawer	Type of Drawer
Adenosine 6mg/ 2ml x 5	2	Pharmacy
Adult Macintosh #2 x 1	5	Respiratory
Adult Macintosh #3 x 1	5	Respiratory
Adult Miller #2 x 1	5	Respiratory
Adult Miller #3 x 1	5	Respiratory
Alcohol Swabs x 15	2	Pharmacy
Ambu Bag x 1	6	Pharmacy
Amiodarone 150mg/3ml x 3	2	Pharmacy
Arm Board x 1	4	Central Supply
Atropine 1mg/10ml Bristoject x 4	3	Pharmacy
Bag-Blue-soiled linen x 1	1	Central Supply
Bag-Red-Biohazard x 1	1	Central Supply
Batteries x 2	5	Respiratory
Batteries-Laryngoscope Handle x2	5	Respiratory
Blood Gas Kits x 3	5	Respiratory
Calcium Chloride 10% 1mg/10ml Bristoject x 2	3	Pharmacy
Canister Suction 1500cc x 1	6	Central Supply
Code Blue Sheet x 4	1	Central Supply
Cover Sponger (4x4) x 2	4	Central Supply
Defib Pad (4 ^{1/2} x 6) x 2	1	Central Supply
Dexamethasone 10mg/ml x 2	2	Pharmacy
Dextrose 5% 500ml x 1	6	Pharmacy
Dextrose 50% Bristoject x 1	3	Pharmacy
Digoxin 0.5mg/2ml x 2	2	Pharmacy
Diphenhydramine 50mg/ml x 2	2	Pharmacy
Dopamine 800mg / D5W 500ml x 2	6	Pharmacy
Electrode ECG x 2	1	Central Supply
Endotracheal Tube 6.5mm x 1	5	Respiratory
Endotracheal Tube 7.0mm x 2	5	Respiratory
Endotracheal Tube 7.5mm x 2	5	Respiratory
Endotracheal Tube 8.0mm x 2	5	Respiratory
Endotracheal Tube 8.5mm x 1	5	Respiratory
Endotracheal Tube 9.0m x 1	5	Respiratory
Epinephrine 1mg/ml x 2	2	Pharmacy
Epinephrine 1mg/10ml Bristoject x 12	3	Pharmacy
ET Tube Holder x 1	5	Respiratory
Exhaled CO2 Clip x 1	5	Respiratory
Extension Set x 2	4	Central Supply
Furosemide 100mg/10ml x 2	2	Pharmacy
Gloves latex free (medium) x 10	1	Central Supply
INF Butterfly 21G 3/4 x 2	4	Central Supply
IV Cath 18G x 3	4	Central Supply
IV Cath 20G x 3	4	Central Supply
IV Cath 22G x 3	4	Central Supply
K-Y Jelly x 4	5	Respiratory
Lidocaine 2% 100mg/5ml Bristoject x 2	3	Pharmacy

NUR 4405 Spring 2017

Lidocaine Premix 2Gm/500ml x 1	6	Pharmacy
Mag Sulfate 2gm/50ml x 1	6	Pharmacy
Mask Shielded x 5	1	Central Supply
Naloxone 1mg/ml x 2	2	Pharmacy
Nasal Trumpets 28-Fr x 1	5	Respiratory
Nasal Trumpets 30-Fr x 1	5	Respiratory
Nasal Trumpets 32-Fr x 1	5	Respiratory
Nasal Trumpets 34-Fr x 1	5	Respiratory
Needles 18G (1 ½ inch) x 20	2	Pharmacy
NonOrebreather x 1	5	Respiratory
Norepinephrine 4mg/4ml x 2	2	Pharmacy
NS 20ml x 2	2	Pharmacy
Oral Airway 80mm x 2	5	Respiratory
Oral Airway 90mm x 2	5	Respiratory
Oral Airway 100mm x 2	5	Respiratory
Oxygen Flowmeter with nipple x 1	5	Respiratory
Paper Recording Chem/Them x 1	1	Central Supply
Peep Valve x 1	5	Respiratory
Primary Tubing x 2	4	Central Supply
Procainamide 1gm/10ml x 2	2	Pharmacy
Quik-Combo Defib pad-Adult x 2	1	Central Supply
Salem Sump Tube 16Fr Silicon x 1	6	Central Supply
Secondary Tubing x 2	4	Central Supply
Sodium Bicab 8.4% 50meq Bristoject x 2	3	Pharmacy
Sodium Chloride 0.9% 10ml (Flush) x 8	2	Pharmacy
Sodium Chloride 0.9% 250ml x 2	6	Pharmacy
Sodium Chloride 0.9% 1000ml x1	6	Pharmacy
Sterile field x 1	4	Central Supply
Stylet x 1	5	Respiratory
Suction Catheter 14 Fr x 1	5	Respiratory
Suction Connecting Tubing 6' 3/16 x 1	6	Central Supply
Syringes 3cc / 22G needle x 3	2	Pharmacy
Syringes 12cc x 3	2	Pharmacy
Syringes TB x 4	2	Pharmacy
Syringes 3cc x 4	2	Pharmacy
Syringe 10cc x1	5	Respiratory
Tandum Tubing x 1	6	Central Supply
Tourniquets-Latex Free x 2	4	Central Supply
Transpore Tape 1" x 2	4	Central Supply
Underpad deluxe x 1	1	Central Supply
Vasopressin 20 units/ml x 2	2	Pharmacy
Verapamil 5mg/2ml x 3	2	Pharmacy
Wall Suction Machine x 1	6	Central Supply
Yankauer x1	5	Respiratory
Yankauer Suction x 1	6	Central Supply